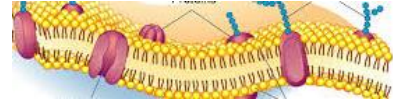


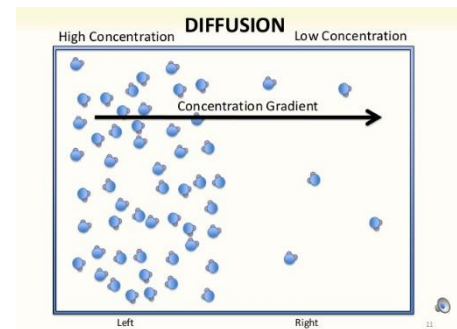
Cell Membrane and Transport Test Review - OL

Multiple choice: Circle the answer(s) that best completes the sentences

- Which of the following is Not true about the cell membranes?
 - Cell membranes allow ALL substances to pass through easily
 - It is selectively permeable so only certain molecules can pass through it.
 - Cell membranes surround all animal, plant, and bacterial cells.
 - It is a bilayer composed mainly of phospholipids and proteins

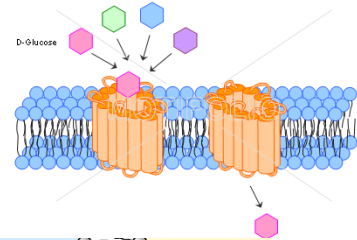


- During diffusion molecules tend to move _____
 - Against or up the concentration gradient
 - With or down the concentration gradient
 - From an area of lower concentration to an area higher concentration
 - In a direction that doesn't depend on concentration

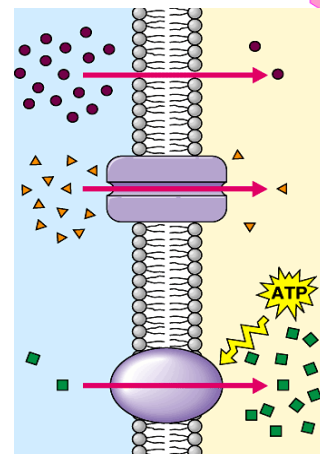


- When the concentration of a solute is the same throughout a system, the system has reached _____.
 - Maximum concentration
 - Equilibrium
 - Osmosis
 - Phagocytosis

- Glucose enters a cell from high concentration to low concentration using a protein _____.
 - Diffusion
 - Facilitated diffusion
 - Ion channels
 - Phagocytosis



- Energy for active transport in the cell membrane is _____.
 - Chloroplast
 - ATP
 - Mitochondria
 - Glucose



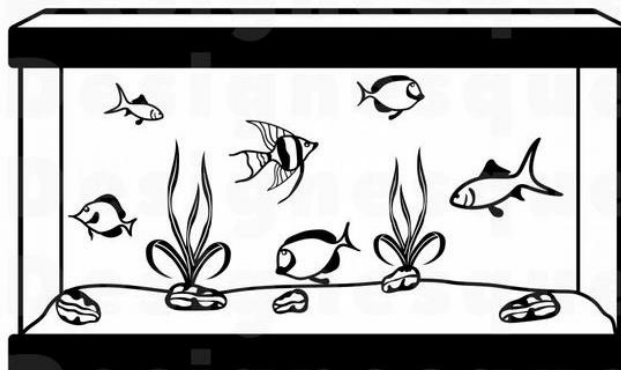
- All the following are kinds of passive transport EXCEPT _____.
 - Diffusion
 - Facilitated diffusion
 - Osmosis
 - Active transport

Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

7. _____ transport requires energy from ATP to move substances across membranes.
- Passive
 - Active
 - Facilitated
 - Simple
8. Placing an animal cell in a saltwater solution will cause the water to _____
- Move into the cell
 - Move out of the cell
 - Stays the same
 - Has no effect on the animal cell
9. Gases like oxygen and carbon dioxide move across the cell membrane using _____
- Endocytosis
 - Ion channels
 - Diffusion
 - Facilitated diffusion
10. Which of the following is classified as Homeostasis?
- When a person become sick and spike a fever
 - When it is cold outside, and a person put on a jacket
 - Touching a hot stove and you burn your hand
 - When a person is hungry, so they eat food
11. Johnny is a student in Aquatic Science, and he was given the responsibly of taking care of gobies (saltwater fish), however Johnny only has a freshwater tank at home. Why can't Johnny take home the guppies?
- The gobies are too much responsibility for Johnny to handle
 - The gobies will lose water from their bodies and dehydrate
 - The gobies will not enjoy living in freshwater
 - The gobies will accumulate too much water in their bodies and will eventually die



Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

Match the term with its correct description:

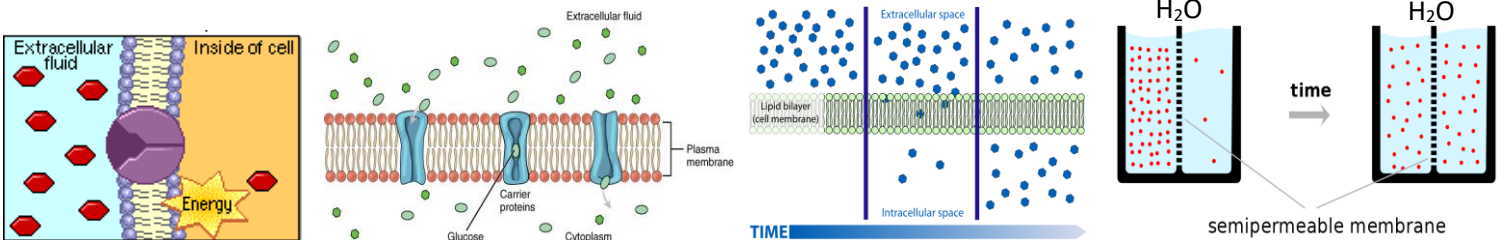
- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| a. energy | e. active transport |
| b. facilitated diffusion | f. channel protein |
| c. equilibrium | g. passive transport |
| d. osmosis | h. diffusion |

- _____ 6. Transport protein that provides an opening or doorway in the plasma membrane through which particles can diffuse
- _____ 7. Is used during active transport but not passive transport
- _____ 8. Particle movement from an area of higher concentration to an area of lower concentration
- _____ 9. A form of passive transport that uses transport proteins
- _____ 10. Particle movement from an area of lower concentration to an area of higher concentration
- _____ 11. The diffusion of water through a cell membrane
- _____ 12. The movement of substances through the cell membrane without the use of cellular energy
- _____ 13. When the molecules of one substance are spread evenly throughout another substance to become balanced

Label the following as True or False:

- _____ 14. The cell membrane is the organelle that is involved with helping homeostasis.
- _____ 15. Semi permeable membrane and plasma membrane are other names for cell membrane.
- _____ 16. Gases, wastes, sugar, water and salts can pass directly through the membrane.
- _____ 17. Solute is the substances that does the dissolving.
- _____ 18. If concentration of solute is greater outside the cell; water will enter the cell and cause the cell to swell.
- _____ 19. If concentration of solute is equal both outside and inside the cell, the cell is at equilibrium.
- _____ 20. If concentration of solute is greater inside the cell; water will enter the cell cause the cell to swell.

Label the following diagrams below: **Osmosis, facilitated diffusion, diffusion, active transport**



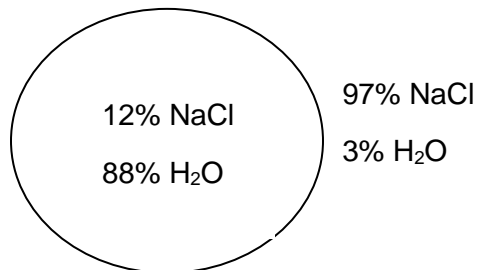
Name: _____

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Osmosis is the diffusion of water from an area of high concentration to an area of low concentration. Only water moves in osmosis! The diagrams below show the concentration of water and salt inside the cell and the concentration of water and salt surrounding the cell. Complete the sentences below by comparing the concentration of the water inside the cell and the concentration outside the cell.

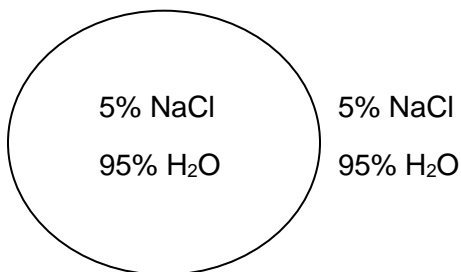
1.



a. Water will flow _____
(into the cell, out of the cell, in both directions).

b. The cell will _____
(shrink, burst, stay the same).

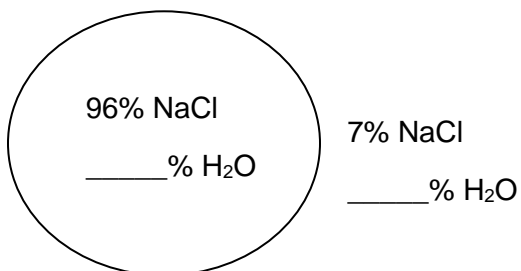
2.



a. Water will flow _____
(into the cell, out of the cell, in both directions).

b. The cell will _____
(shrink, burst, stay the same).

3.



a. Water will flow _____
(into the cell, out of the cell, in both directions).

b. The cell will _____
(shrink, burst, stay the same).