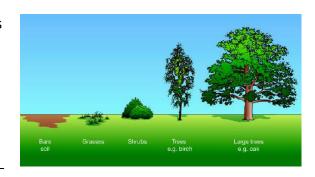
## Succession in an Ecosystem

The	growth and replacement of	species
(anir	nal species will change as plant species change).	

## **Order of Succession on Land**

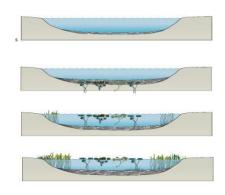
1	_,, and microorganisms
begin to grow.	
2. Brown & lichens.	forms along with the moss
3	start to invade.
4	, weeds, and
nlants start to in	nvade



5. Large \_\_\_\_\_ gradually become dominant.

## **Order of Succession in Water**

- 1. Algae and phytoplankton begin to grow on surface.
- 2. Rooting, submerged and floating aquatic plants invade.
- 3. Reeds and grasses start to invade around edges.
- 4. Organisms die, soil builds up
- 5. Shrubs, weeds and larger plants start to invade.



		_	•
Prim	ıarv	Suc	cession
	· • ·		

The	time succession ha	time succession has occurred in an area. Newly exposed earth					
(	) begins the succession process.						
This can tak	ce anywhere from 1000 to 2000 yea	ars!					
	succession happens o	n sand dunes,	outcrops, glacial				
till,	no erupting						
<u>Secondary</u>	<u>/ Succession</u>						
Secondary h	nappens in area that once	but has	s since lost it. So, it's				
the "second	" time the area has succession	is present.					
Secondary s	uccession occurs in	out forests,	over land,				
	farms, dried up p	onds					
Pioneer community – the		organisms to i	nvade (lichens and				
mosses or p	hytoplankton and algae)						
Climax co	mmunity – the	plant community to esta	ablish itself				

